Section Six

Understanding Anger

I. The *Definition* of Anger (Ephesians 4:26-32)

- A. Disposition of the mind that entertains antagonism towards another individual, manifesting itself in various emotions and actions. (Genesis 4:1-8, Mark 3:1-6)
- B. Anger is an attitude that results in emotions that move into action. (Proverbs. 14:17,29,15:18,16:32,19:19,22:24-25)
- C. Anger can be godly/righteous indignation- To be troubled or disgusted in attitude or action as a result of someone disgracing God or disregarding His Holy Laws. (Exodus 32:1-30, Ephesians 4: 26-27, John 2:12-17, Nehemiah 5:1-13)
- D. Anger can be worldly/sinful of man- to have ungodly attitudes and actions as a result of some perceived need, desire, personal preference /standard not being met by someone or being offended by someone. (Numbers 20:1-13, Ephesians 4:31-32, I Samuel 18:6-8, 20:24-34; James 1:19-20, Matthew 5:21-22)

II. The <u>Deliberation</u> on Righteous Indignation Vs. Worldly/Sinful Anger of Man (Ephesians 4:26-32)

- A. Godly Anger or Righteous Indignation is the exception to the rule; Very seldom when one is angry it is about the things that disgrace God or disregard His Holy Laws. When one is walking in righteous indignation he/she is filled with desire to see justice done for the glory of God (not self) as he/she is walking by the Spirit of God in this kind of anger. When one does act in Godly anger or righteous indignation he/she is commanded to deal with it before the day is over so that the devil does not use it against him/her to lead him/her into sin.
- B. Generally, when people are angry it has nothing to do with someone disgracing God or disregarding His Holy Laws; They are not thinking about God, His holy laws, His righteousness, His will or His ways; They are thinking about themselves, their feelings, their wants, or their needs. They are self-centered not God-centered. They are preoccupied with what they crave, the means to the end that is not providing that craving or something that is hindering that craving from being realized.
- C. Therefore, most of the time when people are angry it is generally worldly/ sinful anger of man; What they want within the situation is not granted; They are receiving something they do not want or they are not receiving what they want.
- D. As a result of not receiving what they want or getting what they don't want, ungodly attitudes and actions begin to manifest; Instead of being thankful to God for how he will use the situation or accepting what God has allowed in the situation they become negative and ungodly in thoughts, words, actions, and relational patterns.

III. The <u>Details of Life that Can lead to Worldly/Sinful Anger of Man</u>

- A. Worldly/ sinful anger of man may occur as a result of misplaced dependency- depending on people, place, things, or events to provide what only God provides.
- B. Worldly/ sinful anger of man may occur as a result of unrealistic expectations- expecting things that are beyond the scope of possibility.
- C. Worldly/sinful anger of man may occur as a result of being untrained in handling disappointments- not accepting the fallibility of people, places, things and events.
- D. Worldly/sinful anger of man may occur as a result of not accepting powerlessness over people, places, outcomes of events- resisting the fact that you were not designed to control people and outcome of events.

IV. The <u>Desires</u> that become <u>Demands</u> of the Heart which is the source of Worldly/Sinful Anger of Man (James 4:1-2)

- A. When the desire to be affirmed becomes a demand to be affirmed, worldly/sinful anger of man results when your demands are not met.
- B. When the desire to not be put down by others becomes a demand not to be put down by others, worldly/sinful anger of man results when your demands are not met.
- C. When the desires that are centered on things of this life become a demand for things of this life, worldly/ sinful anger of man results when your demands are not met:
 - 1. You walk in worldly/sinful anger of man when you demand_____ and do not get it:
 - > To have control ,To be loved, To be accepted, To be understood
 - > To never hurt again, To be respected, To be served, To have your way
 - > To be viewed as competent, To be approved of, To belong to someone
 - > To be held in high regard, To maintain a favorable position with people
- D. When the desire for people to do or handle things your way or for life to go your way becomes a demand, worldly/ sinful anger of man results when your demands are not met.

V. The *Different* Expressions of Worldly/ Sinful Anger of Man (Ephesians 4:31)

- A. Bitterness-resentment.
- B. Wrath- intense fury or rage.
- C. Anger deep seated hostility within the heart toward another.
- D. Clamor- verbal fighting with people/ Slander- ugly words, mean words in reference to someone's reputation, verbal abuse in reference to someone's character.

VI. The *Dangerous* ways people deal with anger (James 1:19-20, Ephesians 4:26-27)

- A. Suppress- acting like it does not exist.
- B. Aggression- openly expressed anger at someone else's expense.
- C. Passive Aggressive- indirectly expressed anger at someone else's expense.
- D. Do not deal with it before the day is done.

VII. The *Direction* to Deal With Anger James 1:19, Ephesians 4:31, Colossians 3:1-8)

- A. Acknowledge your anger.
- B. Confess the sin of your anger.
- C. Identify the details of life whereby you have chosen to be angry.
- D. Identify the specific desires you have been demanding to be fulfilled by God, people, places, events resulting in responding in anger as a result of not getting your way.
- E. Accept your inability to control God, people, and the outcome of circumstances
- F. Accept these conditions:
 - 1. The Person may be willing and able
 - 2. The Person may be willing and unable
 - 3. The Person may be unwilling and able
 - 4. The Person may be unwilling and unable
 - 5. It may be a desire that was not meant to be satisfied
- G. Accept responsibility for your unloving thoughts, words, deeds, in the situation.
- H. Repent of unloving thoughts, words, deeds in the situation.
- I. Choose to serve and love others unconditionally.
- J. Follow the Biblical Mandate according to the relationship. (1Cor13:4-7)
 - 1. Husband/Wife (Eph. 5:18-33, Col. 3:18-19, I Peter 3:1-12)
 - 2. Children (Eph. 6:1-2, Col. 3:20)
 - 3. Parent (Eph. 6:4, Col. 3:21, Deut. 6:6-9, Prov. 22:6)
 - 4. Friends (Prov. 27:5-6, Prov. 17:17, Prov. 27:9, Prov. 18:24)
 - 5. Others (I Peter 3:8-12, Rom. 12:9-21, Gal. 6:1-10)
 - 6. Leaders (I Tim. 4:16, Heb. 13:7, 17;I Peter 5:5, I Tim. 5:17-22, Luke 6:40)
 - 7. Employer/Employee (Eph. 6:5-9, I Peter 2:18-29)
 - 8. Government (Rom. 13:1-2, I Peter 2:13-17)
 - 9. Enemies (Luke 6:27-36)
- K. Don't allow it to go beyond that day. (Ephesians 4:26-27)

Learning to Be Content (Philippians 4:10-14)

<u>Definition of Contentment</u>: Sufficient Satisfaction within the heart through the fellowship with and power of Jesus Christ apart from external circumstances and people

I. The <u>Picture of Contentment Painted by the Apostle Paul (v10-v14)</u>.

- A. Paul rejoiced in the Lord when others came through for him yet his state of mind was not conditioned upon their gift (v10-v11).
- B. Paul learned to live with what he had and let it be enough for him (v12).
- C. Paul learned to live without anticipating the provision of God (v12).
- D. Paul adjusted his desires to match his condition and circumstances (v12).
- E. Paul depended on God's power from within to cultivate contentment in his condition and circumstances (v13).
- F. Paul had fellowship with God in his condition and circumstances (v13).
- G. Paul showed appreciation when others came through for him yet he did not live for or by what others may or may not do for Him (v14).

II. The <u>Perspective</u> of Contentment Promoted in the Scriptures.

- A. A content person is able to accept their condition (Philippians 4:11-13).
- B. A content person is able to accept their contents (Hebrews 13:5).
- C. A content person is able to endure their circumstances (2 Corinthians 12:10).
- D. A content person is depending on Christ (Hebrews 13:5).
- E. A content person is pursuing Christ-Likeness (1Timothy 6:6-8).
- F. A content person is not a complainer (Philippians 4: 11-13).
- G. A content person has an attitude of consideration (Philippians 4:11-13).

III. The <u>Process</u> to Contentment Presented in Seven Key Steps.

- A. We must accept what God allows in our condition and circumstances and make the most of it with no complaints about it (1Peter 5:6-11, Philippians 2:14-16).
- B. We must purge ourselves of the lust that drives the discontentment (2Timothy 2:22, Romans 13:14).
- C. We must accept the fact that we are passing through this world not settling down in this world (Philippians 3:20-21,1Peter 2:11).
- D. We must learn to function by our God-given roles and responsibilities within our condition and circumstances (Romans 12:3-8, 1Peter 4:10).
- E. We must no longer demand that people satisfy us but seek to help people glorify God (Matthew 5:16, Romans 15:2-3).
- F. We must give thanks for our condition and circumstances knowing God will use it to bring about His glory and our good through our condition and circumstances (Romans 8:28, 1Thessalonians 5:18).

G. We must enjoy every pleasure that God allows, endure every pain that God allows, while living from Him, through Him, and to Him in our condition and circumstances focusing on His Covenant to us. (Ecclesiastes 5:18-20, 12:13-14, 1Corinthians 13:7, Hebrews 13:5-6).

Questions to Consider this Week

1. What do I want that I cannot control getting?
2. What am I getting that I don't want and I can't control it?
3. How am I responding in attitude to this?
4. How am I responding in conversation to this?
5. How am I responding in actions to this?
6. How am I treating others as a result of this?
7. According to Scripture how would God view my attitude, conversation, actions, and relational patterns in relation to this?
8. What do I need to accept that God has allowed?
9. How do I need to obey God in this situation?
10. What has God promised in His Word that I can rest on in accordance to this situation?
11. How can I adjust my desires to match my situation?